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THE LAS VEGAS STORY, IN NUMBERS



Happy summer of 2016! It has been 85 years since N evada legalized gaming, and at that time it was the only state in the US with legal gambling. Today there are 43 states, and counting, with casinos. W ith this article I thought

it would be nice to look into the past, as well as som e interesting statistics.

Nevada History

In 1861, while N evada was still a territory, the first prohibition on all form s of gam ing was passed into law. In 1869, the Nevada Legislature legalized gaming in spite of the Governor's veto. This law approved num erous games and imposed the first license fee. Between 1869 and 1907, many changes in gam bling regulations and license fees were made, with them ain concern being where and when gaming could be conducted. The 1907 Legislature redistributed gam ing fee revenues so that all fees, except those from slot m achines, were retained by the county, while slot machine fees went into the state coffers. The change was short-lived, as the 1909 Legislature prohibited gaming in all forms effective October 1, 1910.

It was not until 1931 that N evada's modern era of legalized gam ing began with the passage of the 'W ide Open G am bling" bill signed into law by G overnor Fred Balzar. The bill established a schedule of license fees for all gam es and machines, with the counties assum ing the responsibility for the licensing and the collection of fees.

The 1955 Legislature created the State G am ing Control Board ("Board") within the N evada Tax Commission, whose purpose was



to inaugurate a policy to elim inate the undesirable elements in N evada gam ing and to provide regulations for the licensing and operation of gam ing. The Board was also to establish rules and regulations for all tax reports that were to be submitted to the state by gam ing licensees.

In 1959, the Nevada Gaming Commission ('Commission') was created by the passage of the Gaming Control Act ('Act'). The Act laid the fundation for what would become modern gaming regulation. The primary responsibilities of the Commission include acting on the recommendations of the Board in licensing matters and ruling upon work permit appeal creas. The Commission is the final authority on licensing matters, having the ability to approve, restrict, limit, condition, deny, revoke or suspend any gaming license. The above information comes from the Nevada Gaming Control Board/Commissionswebsite: www.gaming.rvgov.

Marketing Las Vegas

Last yearm one than 42,312,216 visitors can e to Las Vegas. These figures com e from the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority (NCVA), and their website at www lvcva.com. Theirm ission statem ent is "To attract visitors by promoting Las Vegas as the world's most desirable destination for leisure and business travel." They are the entity that tradem arked and promotes 'W hat happens in Vegas, stays in Vegas."

The INCVA is unlike a typical convention and visitor's bureau in that it is not a membershipbased organization. The INCVA is a governmental agency. It was established by a state law, is funded by a county room tax and is governed by an autonom ous board of directors.

In 1955, the State Legislature agreed to finance the Clark County Fair and Recreation



Board (the precursor to the IVCVA) with moneys acquired from aroom tax levied on hotelandmotel properties in Clark County. This revenue, paid for by tourists and not by local residents, allowed the Las Vegas Convention Center to be constructed and operate without any tax assessment on Clark County residents, and allowed the IVCVA to begin a program of destination marketing.

State law establishes the num ber; appointment and term soft the LVCVA shoard of directors. The 14member board provides guidance and establishes policies to accomplish the LVCVA mission of attracting an ever-increasing number of visitors to Southern N evada. They dissen in a term of market annual visitor statistics, and here are some of my favorite tilb its from the 2015 Las Vegas Visitor Profile Study:

- 16% of respondents indicated they were first-time visitors, down from 19% last year.
 Does this mean the majority of adults have already been to Las Vegas, or are more of them gam bling closer to hom e?
- 73% of first-timevisitors are hereprined and y for vacation or pleasure, up from 68% last year.
- 10% of visitors are here prin anly to gam ble; down from 12% last year. The recent trends were to add m one non-gam ing an enities, and this num ber is a reflection.
- 57% of visitors arrived by ground transportation, and the other 43% by air. This shows that more than 24 m illion visitors, or 55% of the California population, drove into Las Vegas last year.
- 63% used the Internet to plan their trip, and 58% said the Internet helped influence their choice in accomm odations.
- The typical visitor averaged a 4.4-day stay, spent \$292 for food & drink, and an average of \$123 for shopping.

- Am angst those who gam bled, \$579 was budgeted.
- Last year there were 21,306 conventions, which brought in 5,891,151 attendees. This averages out to about 277 attendees per show, how ever a few of the larger conventions averagem one than 100,000 attendees.
- 35% of convention visitors had brought a spouse, family member or friend with them who was not attending a convention.
- There were 149,262 rooms (hotel & motel combined) available, which had an average occupancy rate of 87.7% and an average daily room rate of \$119.94.0 focurse these rates are much higher during the Super Bowl and New Years!

Closing Comments

M any visitorsm ay not know that just over an hour away there are 2 othergam bling destinations:

- 100 m iles to the south is Laughlin, N evada, which has 9 casinos, and houses 10,200 room s with an average daily room rate of \$44.48.
- 80 m iles to the northeast is M esquite, N evada, which has 3 casinos, 1,712 room s, and an average daily room rate of \$60.65.
- Some of the other nearby destination areas include: Grand Canyon, Hoover Dam, Zion National Park, Death Valley, Valley of Fire, Lake Mead, Red Rock Canyon and Mt.Charleston.

The average visitor to Las Vegas was manied, employed, and earning more than \$40,000 per year. 100% of the respondents surveyed voiced 100% satisfaction with their trip to Las Vegas, and 89% of those said they were "Very satisfied." A flar 85 years, Las Vegas is still doing som ething right! If you have never been to Las Vegas, or haven t been here for a while, com e on down. There is so m uch to do, and the statistics don't lie!!!

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